

Iron County Register.

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OUR GOD, OUR COUNTRY AND TRUTH.

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A Stain on the Nation's Honor.

(From the New York World.)
Pillander C. Knox, now a Senator in the Congress of the United States from Pennsylvania, was Attorney-General in the Cabinet of President Roosevelt at the time of the so-called Panama "revolution."

Immediately after this coup d'état, in which the armed forces of the United States Government participated, Mr. Roosevelt sent for his Attorney-General, told him what had been done and asked him to find legal justification for the conduct of the administration. After listening in silence to Mr. Roosevelt's narrative, Mr. Knox is said to have replied: "Why complicate this transaction with any taint of legality?"

It had no "taint of legality" then, and no taint of legality yet attaches to it.

Mr. Roosevelt's conduct in respect to Panama was unquestionably the most lawless act ever committed by a President of the United States in the realm of foreign affairs.

The Panama revolution was not made in Panama. It was made in New York. The money that bought and paid for it was sent to the Isthmus from New York.

The Hay-Herran treaty, which Mr. Roosevelt made the pretext for his predatory policy, was not framed either by John Hay, who was Secretary of State, nor by Senor Herran, who was the Colombian Charge d'Affaires. It was drafted by William Nelson Cromwell, who was the paid attorney of the Panama Canal Co. In full knowledge that the Colombian Government was opposed to the terms of this treaty, Mr. Cromwell took Senor Herran to Secretary Hay's house at night and induced him to sign. Before the Colombian Government had information as to the secret act of its agent, President Marroquin cabled these instructions to his representative in Washington:

"Do not sign canal treaty. You will receive instructions in letter of today."

The United States Senate, at the request of Mr. Roosevelt, ratified the treaty. The Colombian Government, in the assertion of its unquestionable sovereign rights, as the possessor of the Isthmus of Panama, as the grantor of the canal concession and as the principal stockholder in the Panama Canal Co., refused to ratify the treaty. Thereupon the Panama Canal interests, in partnership with a certain element on the Isthmus, proceeded to organize a revolution, and the United States Government was made a party to the intrigue.

The actual "revolution" itself was carried through by agents of the Panama Railroad, which was owned by the Panama Canal Co. A United States warship had been sent to the Isthmus to prevent the Colombian Government from landing troops to put down the revolt. In consequence of this wanton violation of a treaty, Mr. Roosevelt "took the Isthmus and left Congress to debate;" the Panama Canal Co. got \$40,000,000 from the United States Treasury, and a fake republic profited in the sum of \$10,000,000 more for its services in providing an excuse for the Cromwell-Roosevelt "revolution."

When the Imperial German Government in August, 1914, sought precedents to justify its invasion of Belgium, regardless of its treaty obligations, the only one that it could find which fully supported its case was the record of the Roosevelt administration in relation to Panama.

Senator Kellogg, in opposing the ratification of the treaty, which has been urged by President Harding, said that favorable action by the Senate would "place a stain on the name and fame" of Theodore Roosevelt. How about the stain upon the name and fame and honor of the United States which was placed there by Theodore Roosevelt and which has never been effaced? Is that too trifling a matter to merit the sober consideration of the United States Senate?

The Inheritance Tax.

(Web M. Rubey in Missouri Message.)
In my article of April 1st, I certainly made it plain that the 18th Prohibition Amendment is a violation of the principles of our American system of government.

I now propose to show that our so-called inheritance tax law is not only an equal violation, but is worse from the standpoint of honesty.

What is this inheritance law? Our Supreme Court in the recent McClintick Case, reported in Mo. Reports, Vol. 275, page 298, says it is not the exercise of the taxing power of the State, but an act of State sovereignty.

It provides that when a citizen dies his title to his estate vests in the State, and the State has the right to take a part, or even all, of it, if the Statute so provides.

This inexcusable finding of our Supreme Court, that such a law is valid, is based upon the false theory, that the citizen has no title to property except by virtue of our Statute laws.

I say this is an inexcusable error, and I cannot show it in a clearer light than to quote what Judge Winslow of the Wisconsin Supreme Court says, in Vol. 129, page 190. He says: "The fallacy of the idea that the government creates, or withholds property rights at will, is very apparent. Under our system the government is of the people—the product of a social compact. The people in full possession of liberty and property come together and create a government to protect themselves, their liberty and their property. The government they create becomes their agent, the officials their servants. Under the theory of the North Carolina Court, and many others, these agents in turn create property rights and confer them upon their creators, who possessed these rights long before: The people create an agency to protect their existing rights, which assumes to confer or withhold these rights. Governments have, indeed, from the earliest times regulated the exercise of these rights, prescribed ways and forms for their exercise and protected them by positive laws; and so they do now. From this universal exercise of the right of regulation, the idea of government right to create or destroy may have arisen; but it seems more likely to have arisen from failure to keep in mind the radical difference between our republican theory of the origin of government, and the European mediaeval theory."

"Our theory is, that the people in full possession of inalienable rights form a government to protect these rights. The mediaeval idea was that the government was sent down from above, and that from it rights and privileges were allowed to flow in gracious streams to the people, who would not otherwise possess them. That there are inherent rights existing in the people prior to the making of any of our State Constitutions, is a fact recognized and declared by the Declaration of Independence, and substantially by every State Constitution."

I could go on and show that the inheritance law violates our Constitution, but it is really unnecessary. No lawyer or judge will dare deny the truth of what Judge Winslow states, as I have copied above, and sign his name to such a denial. Nor can any reader be found, so ignorant, as not to see the common sense presented by Judge Winslow.

The idea, that when you die the State may take all of your property, and leave your wife and children in the street, is so absurd, that I may safely say, that any legislator who votes to continue this confiscatory law in our Statute, is either too ignorant, or too destitute of a sense of honesty, to be sent to Jefferson City to make laws.

The fact is, as Judge Winslow says, our judicial and legislative departments have forgotten the radical difference between the American system of government and the European mediaeval theory, and as a consequence, the people of the United States are today in a state of slavery, which must inevitably follow a democratic system of government with the safeguards of written constitutions ignored; and if they don't wake up and go to work to re-establish the grand old government our fathers handed down to us, poverty of the masses will follow slavery.

Countries Refuse to Add Tax Increases.

(St. Louis Globe-Democrat.)

Jefferson City, Mo., April 20.—Several county boards of equalization in Missouri are openly defying the State Board of Equalization and refusing to add the increases directed by it to the several classes of property, according to reports received by Attorney General Barrett today.

An official of Barton County reported that the County Board of Equalization of that county had refused to add the state board's increase. Barrett, replying to an inquiry from Ernest A. Wilson of Liberal about the local boards' defiance of the state board said:

As to the refusal of your County Board of Equalization to obey the State Board of Equalization, I can write you fully, as the matter has already been passed upon. I cannot believe that your County Board would willingly and knowingly commit a deliberate and flagrant violation of

the law. I hope that their action was due merely to honest mistake. If, however, they examine State ex rel. vs. Bank, 234 Mo. 198, and Trust Company vs. Schramm, 269 Mo. 489, they will find that the Supreme Court has made it entirely clear that the county board has no discretion whatever as to the total valuation of each class of property after that total valuation has been fixed by the board. All the local board can then do is to distribute these totals equally upon the different pieces of property, distributing each total within its own class. I wish you would please call this to their attention and report to me the result. No violation of law should go unnoticed, but a violation is particularly reprehensible when committed by those sworn to enforce the law. Of course, such an illegal procedure would be both corrected and punished, but I feel sure your board has acted through a mistake. If it is willful and deliberate we will make an example of it. Please report to me as soon as possible.

The assessments of Barton County were raised by the State Board of Equalization from \$12,602,797 to \$21,044,167, the increase being \$8,441,370.

Tomato Growers Should Watch for Leaf-Spot.

Tomato growers should be on the alert for the disease in tomatoes known as leaf-spot. This disease is caused by a parasitic plant which grows on tomato leaves. Its presence is shown by numerous white spots which appear on tomato plants about the time they are beginning to bear.

The Biology Department of the Southeast Missouri State College in its Botany division is making a study of leaf-spots in tomatoes. With the microtome, which is an instrument for slicing very thin sections, portions of tomato leaves one five-thousandth of an inch in thickness are put under the microscope so that the disease can be studied.

The remedy for leaf-spot is spraying with Bordeaux Mixture. This mixture can be bought at any drug-store. The disease is very bad in certain localities of northeast Arkansas and will spread to adjoining sections unless prevented by spraying. Further information concerning this disease may be obtained by writing to Dr. Spencer at the Southeast Missouri State College.

No Oil Deposits in This Part of Old Missouri.

(Potosi Journal.)

Prof. J. C. Logan of the Cape Girardeau State Teachers' College says there is no chance of oil deposits being found in this immediate section of Missouri for the reason that our geological formations are all older than the carboniferous period, in which only are the oil and coal deposits found. Prof. Logan says we have evidences of Silurian, Ordovician and Cambrian formations, but none of the carboniferous era.

It has long been claimed by geologists that the land in this section is the oldest on the American continent, that the elevation of Pilot Knob and Iron Mountain were the first to rise above the waters. Of course these elevations and surrounding territory may have been much higher than they are now, for at some points the scoring of time has worn away the overlying sedimentary deposits to the fundamental granite.

So don't speculate on the possibility of becoming an oil millionaire if you happen to own any land hereabouts.

Wrongly Located.

(Cairo Evening Citizen.)

The big bridge across the Mississippi at Thebes was built by five great railroad systems. After 18 years use, it is found that the bridge is wrongly located. Only two of the five railroad systems are using it and only one operates passenger trains over it at all, and that operation is confined to one train each way in the middle of the night.

Here we have a tremendous expenditure of money to erect across this river barrier a highway between the north and the southwest, and after it is built is found that the location is wrong.

The fact has been demonstrated again and again that the crossing where the flow of travel is greatest is between Cairo and Bird's Point. Here is where the bridge is needed. Here is where it should have been built.

Just think of it! A great double-track bridge across the Mississippi, and not a passenger train crossing it in daylight hours and only two of the five railroads owning it operating any service over it.

Clothes pressed and cleaned. Satisfaction guaranteed. Phone 192. GEO. TULLOCK.

Bernard H. Zwart, M.D.

(Bulletin Jackson County Medical Society.)

Dr. Bernard H. Zwart, a member of this Society for over a quarter of a century, died at his home on February 23, 1921. He is survived by his widow, a daughter, Mrs. E. P. Helmers, and three sons, Bernard C., Albert W. and Sanford N.

Dr. Zwart was born in St. Louis sixty-two years ago and received his early education in the public schools of that city, the University of St. Louis and the University of Milwaukee. He graduated from the St. Louis Medical College in 1881, locating in Kansas City at once and has been in active practice until his final sickness which lasted about a month.

Aside from following his professional duties he held the office of coroner of Jackson County from 1909 to 1913, and was professor of medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Kansas City, Kansas, from 1897 to 1901 and in the University Medical College from 1901 to 1909.

He was a member of the Kansas City Academy of Medicine and served as president in 1901, and was a member of the Missouri State Medical Association and a Fellow of the American Medical Association.

Dr. Zwart had a large practice, and his duties to his patients were faithfully, conscientiously and ably performed. In his association with his brother practitioners, he was honest, fair and gentlemanly.

In the death of Dr. Zwart our Society loses a gentleman. To his widow, daughter and sons we extend our sincere sympathy in this, their great bereavement.

WILLIAM F. KUHN,
A. A. FREYMAN,
O. LESTER HALL,
Necrologic Committee.

Bush Fruits in Missouri.

"Bush Fruits" is the title of new circular No. 19 of 12 pages issued by the Missouri State Fruit Experiment Station at Mountain Grove. Horticulturist Joseph Oskamp has in this little bulletin put into popular form the "best yet" information on growing raspberries, blackberries, gooseberries, and currants. These four bush fruits should be planted and grown in every county and small town home in Missouri, without exception. Free copy may be had by addressing the Fruit Station at Mountain Grove.

Paradoxical.

Seems odd to say that a fellow is in a hole because he can't find an opening.—Boston Transcript.

Goodwater Items.

The cold weather has greatly retarded the growth of young vegetables.

A large number of people from this part attended court in Ironton last week.

R. F. Thompson and family visited relatives in Bellevue the first of the week.

Lloyd Beers and Miss Opal Gillam were married last Thursday. The undersigned officiated.

I talked with Mr. Wm. Wood of Indian Creek yesterday. He is one of our best business citizens.

Messrs. G. A. Thomas and W. H. McKay and two sons motored to Desloge Saturday.

Mr. R. B. Carl, who has been very sick, is much improved.

The timber business is yet "on the bum" here.

Come on with your highway. We are ready to take a pleasure trip over it. If we don't get better roads, we will have to sell our Ford and buy a flyin' machine.

Let's hope for better things soon. April 17, 1921. L. W. S.

Brule Items.

Mrs. Mont Black and Miss Nettie Rencenhansen of Edgehill visited Mrs. Mary Black last Tuesday.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Babcock died April 12th, and was buried at Caledonia.

Mrs. Letha Thompson and daughter, Lila, went to Caledonia Tuesday of last week.

A revival meeting is being conducted at Pleasant Valley by Rev. Alva Right from Charleston, Illinois.

Earl Howard of Xenia, Ill., visited in the home of M. H. Keeling last week. While here he was married to Miss Gladys Stephens of Bellevue.

Miss Geneva Hatridge, who attends school at Caledonia, spent Saturday and Sunday at home.

Miss Minnie Wendell from Ironton visited home folks last week. April 19th. DOLLAR.



ALUMINUM Steam Cooker. ENAMELED STEEL Double Boiler.

Keep the Flavor In

THE Aladdin Aluminum Steam Cooker keeps foods full-flavored and temptingly tender and removes the danger of burning. Makes an excellent casserole or warmer, too.

For creamy consistencies, cereals, puddings and sauces use the Aladdin Enameled Steel Double Boiler. It cooks evenly, prevents lumpiness and preserves all the rich salts and flavor.

These are only two utensils in our Aladdin display. We have a shape for every need in either Aluminum or Enameled Steel. Come in and see these handsome, big-value utensils.

Lopez Store Co., Ironton.

Local Manager Wanted

Unusual Opportunity for Right Man.

A large brokerage firm doing a successful business with well-rated concerns throughout the country, wants a capable man at once to develop and handle their local business.

The opportunity is an unusual one because of the possibilities offered for substantial earnings in a highly respectable business which will steadily increase as it becomes more firmly established locally.

The position requires a man possessing executive and sales ability with business experience and having commercial banking connections, although no investment is necessary. He may devote only a portion of his time to the business at first if desired, though we prefer a man who is able and willing to give the business his entire time and best efforts.

The local branch should pay from \$2500 to \$10,000 the first year, according to population and the ability of the manager, as the commodity which we handle is a staple, always in demand, and which our large buying facilities permit us to sell at less than average market prices.

Owing to the demand, we must fill this position at once. Send your application to Guarantee Coal Mining Co., 775 Como Bldg., Chicago, Ill., but do not write unless you can satisfy us as to honesty, reputation and business ability.—Adv.

C. A. FULDNER, OPT. D.

—OF THE—

FIRM OF FULDNER & COMPANY.

(Successors to Fuldner & Kitchen.)
Marina Bldg., 306 N. Grand Ave., St. Louis, Mo., specializing in the Correction of Eyesight, Eyestrain, and the proper Fitting of Glasses, will again be in

IRONTON, WEDNESDAY, MAY 11, at the New Commercial Hotel, from 8 A. M. to 1 P. M. Any word may be left for him there.

Bismarck, Wednesday, May 11, Write for appointment.

NOTE—Dr. Fuldner's visits to Ironton are on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. —Adv.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, etc.

—Advertisement.

FOR SALE.

One Fine Dwelling House in Mid-dlebrook, Mo. F. BURCHEN-SCHUETZ.

Weather Report.

Meteorological Report of Cooperative Observer at Ironton, Iron County, Mo., for the week ending Monday, April 18, 1921:

Days of Week.	Day of Month.	Temperature		Precipitation
		Highest	Lowest	
Tuesday.....	12	69	35	
Wednesday.....	13	63	46	1.10
Thursday.....	14	71	50	T
Friday.....	15	77	47	.58
Saturday.....	16	69	53	
Sunday.....	17	41	29	
Monday.....	18	66	28	

NOTE.—The precipitation includes rain, hail, sleet and melted snow, and is recorded in inches and hundredths. Ten inches of snow equal one inch of rain. "T" indicates trace of precipitation. ARCADIA COLLEGE Observer.

DR. KENNETH W. HOUSTON,
Dentist
IRONTON, MO.
Hours 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.
PHONES:
Office.....60
Residence.....32
Estimates Given on Examination

WEAK, NERVOUS, ALL RUN-DOWN

Missouri Lady Suffered Until She Tried Cardui.—Says "Result Was Surprising."—Got Along Fine, Became Normal and Healthy.

Springfield, Mo.—"My back was so weak I could hardly stand up, and I would have bearing-down pains and was not well at any time," says Mrs. D. V. Williams, wife of a well-known farmer on Route 6, this place. "I kept getting headaches and having to go to bed," continues Mrs. Williams describing the troubles from which she obtained relief through the use of Cardui. "My husband, having heard of Cardui, proposed getting it for me. I saw after taking some Cardui... that I was improving. The result was surprising. I felt like a different person."

"Later I suffered from weakness and weak back, and felt all run-down. I did not rest well at night, I was so nervous and cross. My husband said he would get me some Cardui, which he did. It strengthened me... My doctor said I got along fine. I was in good healthy condition. I cannot say too much for it!"
Thousands of women have suffered as Mrs. Williams describes, until they found relief from the use of Cardui. Since it has helped so many, you should not hesitate to try Cardui if troubled with womanly ailments.
For sale everywhere. E.63